



Federal programs across the NIH and CDC are essential to Oregon's fight against diabetes. Cuts threaten the research, prevention, and infrastructure supporting the 354,400 adults in Oregon living with diabetes.¹

NIDDK | National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive & Kidney Diseases

Current Funding: \$1.6M

- The NIDDK currently funds **7 projects** across Oregon, with **\$846,657** committed to diabetes-related research in 2024 alone.^{1,2}
- The NIDDK supports **two active clinical trials** in the state.³
- Cuts would threaten this nationwide research engine that advances care and improves health outcomes for over 350,000 Oregonians.



\$1.6M Supporting
7 Projects



2
Clinical Trials



\$864,657
in Diabetes Research

DNPAO | CDC Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity

FY 2024 Funding: \$902,260

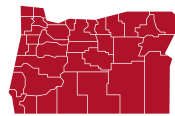
- Cuts would disrupt **\$902,260** in direct funding to the Multnomah County Health Department for Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health (REACH) programs.⁴
- Furthermore, DNPAO supports essential tools and programs used across the state. Cooperative agreements power statewide efforts to strengthen obesity prevention, enhance early childhood nutrition, expand provider training, and promote healthy communities.⁵



Pediatric Growth
Tracking Tools



Preventive Health
Assessments



State Obesity
Surveillance Maps



Nutrition Education
and Sourcing

National DPP | CDC National Diabetes Prevention Program

- National DPP supports diabetes prevention programs for **over 14,000 enrollees** offered by **26 organizations** across **15 cities**.^{6,7}
- Cuts would disrupt access to evidence-based lifestyle interventions shown to reduce the risk of type 2 diabetes by **58%** in adults and **71%** among seniors.⁸



14,481 Oregonians across
15 Cities

DDT | CDC Division of Diabetes Translation

Current Funding: \$2.1M

- Cuts would threaten **over \$2M** that supports the Oregon Department of Health in tracking, preventing, and managing diabetes.⁶



23 Diabetes Self-Management Education
and Support (DSMES) service providers.

19,928 Oregonians with diabetes
that have used DDT DSMES.

References

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